

EARLY COMBINATION CONSENSUS TREATMENT PLAN Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

VISIT 1 (BASELINE)

- Physician Global Assessment (PGA)*
- Begin conventional synthetic disease-modifying antirheumatic drug (csDMARD)** and biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drug (bDMARD)*** treatment
- Optional prednisone: Use lowest possible dose and taper quickly (see tapering algorithms)
- Optional intra-articular steroid injection(s) (IAS)

Option for unscheduled visit earlier than 3 months if patient has no response or is worsened at 1-2 months to proceed to increased therapy.

VISIT 2 AT THREE MONTHS

Should be off prednisone if possible.

Patient much better, off prednisone, AND PGA ≤ 2 ****

- Continue visit 1 treatment

Patient not much better, PGA > 2 , and/or still on prednisone

- Consider increase (if not at max) or change csDMARD or change bDMARD
- Consider optional IAS

VISIT 3 AT SIX MONTHS

Patient much better, off prednisone, AND PGA ≤ 2

- Continue visit 2 treatment

Patient not much better, PGA > 2 , and/or still on prednisone

- Strongly consider increase (if not at max) or change csDMARD or change bDMARD
- Consider optional IAS

Optional reassessment at 9 months if treatment change at visit 3.

VISIT 4 AT TWELVE MONTHS

Patient much better, off prednisone, AND PGA ≤ 2

- Continue visit 3 treatment or consider tapering csDMARD

Patient not much better, PGA > 2 , and/or still on prednisone

- Recommend increase (if not at max) or change csDMARD or change bDMARD
- Consider optional IAS

* PGA is based on a visual analog scale of 0-10 assessing JIA disease activity.

** Conventional synthetic DMARD: Methotrexate, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide.

*** Biologic DMARD: Any inhibitor of TNF, T cell costimulation, IL6, or B cells.

**** This CTP was adapted to use the Juvenile Arthritis Disease Activity Score (cJADAS10) for the STOP-JIA CTP study.